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Naples, March 29.

ON the 25th in the Evening M. Odea, Colonel of the King's Regiment of Foot lately called Limerick, as he came out of the Duke di Charny's Houſe on his Return home, was attacked by Meſſ. Linch and Machlain, both Captains of the ſaid Regiment, one of whom drew his Sword, and the other ſhot the Colonel with a Piſtol into his Mouth, of which he expired a few Hours after. The Occaſion of which, 'tis ſaid, was, becauſe the Colonel had, with the King's Approbation, promoted his Brother to the Poſt of Major, vacant in the ſaid Regiment, in Excluſion of theſe two, who pretended to be injured by that Nomination, as they were of more ancient ſtanding. They fled afterwards to the Convent of Monte Calvario, which was immediately ſurrounded by 500 Soldiers, where they were arreſted and put in Irons, and where they are cloſely guarded by a Party of 25 Grenadiers. On the 27th, five Officers of the ſaid Regiment were alſo arreſted and conducted Priſoners to the Caſtle Nuovo, it being ſurmiſed that they were Accomplices of the Aſſaſſins. Notice thereof was ſent immediately to the King at Portici, who has ſhewn ſuch a Diſpleaſure, that 'tis expected, that upon receiving the Approbation from the Spaniſh Court, (as this Regiment was by the Catholick King lent to the King of Naples) a ſevere Courſe will be taken. The Troops quartered in this Capital are conſtantly exerciſed by their reſpective Officers; and 'tis ſaid that Orders are given for the relieving the Garriſons of the Fortreſſes on the Borders of Tuſcany.

Rome, April 2. On the 26th paſt Cardinal Moſca arrived here from his Legation of Ferrara. On the 27th the Cardinals di Bouillon and Collonitz enter'd the Conclave, as did on the 28th the Cardinals Lercari, Cenci, and Lanfredini. On the 29th Cardinal Stampa arrived here from Milan. The Agent of Cardinal Lipski has preſented a Letter from his Eminency to the College of Cardinals, whereby he acquaints them with the Reaſons of his not being able to attend the Conclave as he deſigned. On the 31ſt Signor Franchini, Miniſter from the Great Duke to the Conclave, was preſented by Count Spada to the Chiefs of the Orders, to whom he preſented his Credentials, and made a Speech touching the Election of a new Pope. As moſt of the Cardinals are now enter'd into the Conclave, 'tis thought they will proceed ſpeedily to that Election.

Leghorne, April 8. This Morning came in here, in two Days from Toulon, the Zephyr, a French Man of War of 24 Guns, having on board the Marqueſs de l'Hôpital, Ambaſſadour from the French Court to the King of the two Sicilies, who is landed, and propoſes to proceed to Naples by Land. The Family of Cardinal de Bouillon, in their Voyage in a French Veſſel for Civita Vecchia, were obliged to put into this Port, and are ſtill detained here by contrary Winds.

Florence, April 10. On the 6th the Prince and Princeſs of Craon, attended with the Primate of Lorrain their Son, ſet out from hence for Rome, in order for the Prince to receive the Inveſtiture of the Order of the Golden Fleece, lately conferr'd on him by the Emperor. They deſign afterwards to make a Tour to Loretto, and to be back here in the Month of May.

Copenhagen, April 23. The Directors of the Eaſt India Company here have received Advice, that one of their two Ships called the Queen of Denmark, which lately ſailed hence for China, ſtruck upon a Bank of Sand the 17th Inſtant near the Coaſt of Jutland. When the Expreſs came away nothing was loſt, and there were Hopes of ſaving the Ship. The other Ship called the King of Denmark continued its Courſe.

General Poſt-Office, April 2, 1740.

Whereas the Poſt-Boy carrying the Briſtol Mail from London to Hounſlow, was attacked and ſet upon between Three and Four a Clock this Morning, a little beyond Knightsbridge, by a ſingle Perſon on Foot, of a dark Complexion, and a middle Stature, having on a light-colour'd Horſeman's Coat with the Cape button'd up, who led him into an adjacent Field, and there took from him the Bath and Briſtol Bags, put them into a Green Bag, and rode off with them towards London on the Horſe that carried the ſaid Mail.

The Poſtmaſter General thinks proper to advertiſe the Publick, that whoever ſhall apprehend and convict, or cauſe to be apprehended and convicted, the Perſon who committed this Robbery, will be intituled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, beſides the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Perſon, whether Accomplice in the ſaid Robbery, or knowing thereof, ſhall make a Diſcovery whereby the Perſon who committed the ſame may be apprehended and brought to Juſtice, ſuch Diſcoverer will, upon Conviction of the Party, be intituled to the ſame Reward, and alſo have his Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Poſtmaſter General.

J. D. Barbutt, *Secretary.*

General Poſt Office, London, April 4, 1740.

Whereas the Poſt-Boy carrying the Weſtern and Portſmouth Mails from Bagſhott to London, was ſet upon and attacked, about One of the Clock this Morning, in the hollow Way coming from Bagſhott, by two Highwaymen, who appeared to be luſty jolly Men, in Great Coats, of a whitiſh Colour, with the Capes buttoned up, and light colour'd Wiggs, one of them mounted on a black Horſe with a white Snip down his Face, and the other either on a dark Cheſnut, or a brown Bay, and who ſtopping the ſaid Boy, ordered him to diſmount, and threatned to ſhoot him, if he made the leaſt Noiſe or Reſiſtance, then tied his Hands and Feet, and rode off with the Horſes and Mails.

The Poſtmaſter General thinks proper to advertiſe the Publick, that whoever ſhall apprehend and convict, or cauſe to be apprehended and convicted both or either of the